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basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MATHEMATICS P1

NOVEMBER 2017

MARKS: 150

TIME: 3 hours

This question paper consists of 8 pages and 1 information sheet.





INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

- 1. This question paper consists of 11 questions.
- 2. Answer ALL the questions.
- 3. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 4. Clearly show ALL calculations, diagrams, graphs et cetera that you have used in determining your answers.
- 5. Answers only will NOT necessarily be awarded full marks.
- 6. You may use an approved scientific calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
- 7. If necessary, round off answers to TWO decimal places, unless stated otherwise.
- 8. Diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.
- 9. An information sheet with formulae is included at the end of the question paper.
- 10. Write neatly and legibly.



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Please turn over

1.1 Solve for x:

1.1.1
$$x^2 + 9x + 14 = 0 ag{3}$$

1.1.2
$$4x^2 + 9x - 3 = 0$$
 (correct to TWO decimal places) (4)

$$1.1.3 \sqrt{x^2 - 5} = 2\sqrt{x} (4)$$

1.2 Solve for x and y if:

$$3x - y = 4$$
 and $x^2 + 2xy - y^2 = -2$ (6)

Given: $f(x) = x^2 + 8x + 16$ 1.3

1.3.1 Solve for
$$x$$
 if $f(x) > 0$.

For which values of p will f(x) = p have TWO unequal negative roots? 1.3.2 (4) [24]

QUESTION 2

Given the following quadratic number pattern: 5; -4; -19; -40; ... 2.1

2.1.2 Determine the
$$n^{th}$$
 term (T_n) of the pattern. (4)

2.1.3 Which term of the pattern will be equal to
$$-25939$$
? (3)

The first three terms of an arithmetic sequence are 2k-7; k+8 and 2k-1. 2.2

2.2.1 Calculate the value of the
$$15^{th}$$
 term of the sequence. (5)

Calculate the sum of the first 30 even terms of the sequence. 2.2.2 (4) [18]

OUESTION 3

A convergent geometric series consisting of only positive terms has first term a, constant ratio r and n^{th} term, T_n , such that $\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} T_n = \frac{1}{4}$.

3.1 If
$$T_1 + T_2 = 2$$
, write down an expression for a in terms of r . (2)

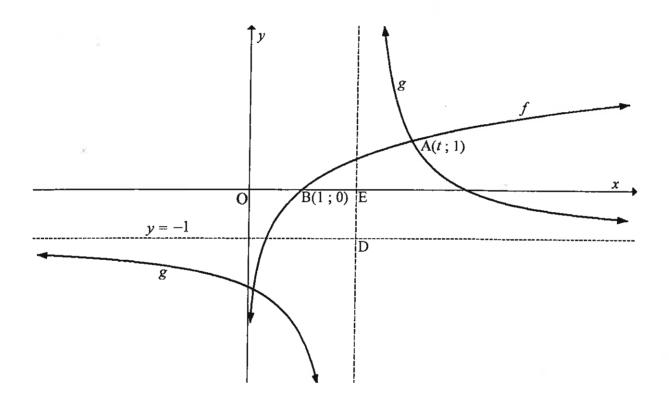
3.2 Calculate the values of a and r. (6) [8]

Given: $f(x) = -ax^2 + bx + 6$

- 4.1 The gradient of the tangent to the graph of f at the point $\left(-1; \frac{7}{2}\right)$ is 3. Show that $a = \frac{1}{2}$ and b = 2.
- 4.2 Calculate the x-intercepts of f. (3)
- 4.3 Calculate the coordinates of the turning point of f. (3)
- Sketch the graph of f. Clearly indicate ALL intercepts with the axes and the turning point. (4)
- 4.5 Use the graph to determine the values of x for which f(x) > 6. (3)
- Sketch the graph of g(x) = -x 1 on the same set of axes as f. Clearly indicate ALL intercepts with the axes. (2)
- 4.7 Write down the values of x for which $f(x).g(x) \le 0$ (3) [23]

The diagram below shows the graphs of $g(x) = \frac{2}{x+p} + q$ and $f(x) = \log_3 x$.

- y = -1 is the horizontal asymptote of g.
- B(1;0) is the x-intercept of f.
- A(t; 1) is a point of intersection between f and g.
- The vertical asymptote of g intersects the x-axis at E and the horizontal asymptote at D.
- OB = BE.



- 5.1 Write down the range of g. (2)
- 5.2 Determine the equation of g. (2)
- 5.3 Calculate the value of t. (3)
- 5.4 Write down the equation of f^{-1} , the inverse of f, in the form y = ... (2)
- 5.5 For which values of x will $f^{-1}(x) < 3$? (2)
- Determine the point of intersection of the graphs of f and the axis of symmetry of g that has a negative gradient. (3)

 [14]

Mbali invested R10 000 for 3 years at an interest rate of r % p.a., compounded monthly. At the end of this period, she received R12 146,72. Calculate r, correct to ONE decimal place.

(5)

- Piet takes a loan from a bank to buy a car for R235 000. He agrees to repay the loan over a period of 54 months. The first instalment will be paid one month after the loan is granted. The bank charges interest at 11% p.a., compounded monthly.
 - 6.2.1 Calculate Piet's monthly instalment.

(4)

6.2.2 Calculate the total amount of interest that Piet will pay during the first year of the repayment of the loan.

(6) [15]

QUESTION 7

7.1 Given: $f(x) = 2x^2 - x$

Determine f'(x) from first principles. (6)

7.2 Determine:

7.2.1
$$D_x[(x+1)(3x-7)]$$
 (2)

7.2.2
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 if $y = \sqrt{x^3} - \frac{5}{x} + \frac{1}{2}\pi$ (4)

Please turn over

Given: $f(x) = x(x-3)^2$ with f'(1) = f'(3) = 0 and f(1) = 4

- 8.1 Show that f has a point of inflection at x = 2. (5)
- Sketch the graph of f, clearly indicating the intercepts with the axes and the turning points.

(4)

(2)

- For which values of x will y = -f(x) be concave down?
- 8.4 Use your graph to answer the following questions:
 - 8.4.1 Determine the coordinates of the local maximum of h if h(x) = f(x-2) + 3. (2)
 - 8.4.2 Claire claims that f'(2) = 1.

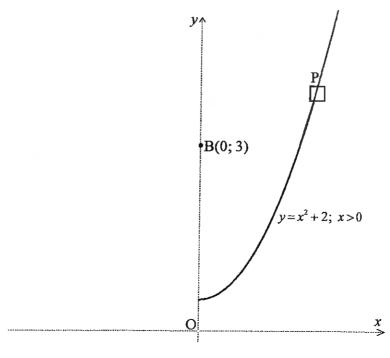
Do you agree with Claire? Justify your answer.

(2) [15]

QUESTION 9

An aerial view of a stretch of road is shown in the diagram below. The road can be described by the function $y = x^2 + 2$, $x \ge 0$ if the coordinate axes (dotted lines) are chosen as shown in the diagram.

Benny sits at a vantage point B(0; 3) and observes a car, P, travelling along the road.



Calculate the distance between Benny and the car, when the car is closest to Benny.

[7]

A survey was conducted among 100 Grade 12 learners about their use of Instagram (I), Twitter (T) and WhatsApp (W) on their cell phones. The survey revealed the following:

- 8 use all three.
- 12 use Instagram and Twitter.
- 5 use Twitter and WhatsApp, but not Instagram.
- x use Instagram and WhatsApp, but not Twitter.
- 61 use Instagram.
- 19 use Twitter.
- 73 use WhatsApp.
- 14 use none of these applications.
- 10.1 Draw a Venn diagram to illustrate the information above. (4)
- 10.2 Calculate the value of x. (2)
- 10.3 Calculate the probability that a learner, chosen randomly, uses only ONE of these applications. (2)

QUESTION 11

A company uses a coding system to identify its clients. Each code is made up of two letters and a sequence of digits, for example AD108 or RR 45789.

The letters are chosen from A; D; R; S and U. Letters may be repeated in the code.

The digits 0 to 9 are used, but NO digit may be repeated in the code.

- How many different clients can be identified with a coding system that is made up of TWO letters and TWO digits?
- Determine the least number of digits that is required for a company to uniquely identify 700 000 clients using their coding system.

TOTAL: 150

(3)

(3) [6]

PACTERN CARE

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INFORMATION SHEET: MATHEMATICS

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$A = P(1+ni) \qquad A = P(1-ni) \qquad A = P(1-i)^n \qquad A = P(1+i)^n$$

$$T_n = a + (n-1)d \qquad S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n-1)d]$$

$$T_n = ar^{n-1} \qquad S_n = \frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} \quad ; r \neq 1 \qquad S_{\infty} = \frac{a}{1 - r}; -1 < r < 1$$

$$F = \frac{x[(1+i)^n - 1]}{i} \qquad P = \frac{x[1 - (1+i)^{-n}]}{i}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} \qquad M\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}; \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$$

$$y = mx + c \qquad y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \qquad m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \qquad m = \tan\theta$$

$$(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$$

$$\ln \Delta ABC: \qquad \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$area \Delta ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin\alpha . \cos\beta + \cos\alpha . \sin\beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin\alpha . \cos\beta - \cos\alpha . \sin\beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin\alpha \cdot \cos\beta + \cos\alpha \cdot \sin\beta \qquad \sin(\alpha - \beta)$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos\alpha \cdot \cos\beta - \sin\alpha \cdot \sin\beta \qquad \cos(\alpha - \beta)$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = \begin{cases} \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ 1 - 2\sin^2 \alpha \\ 2\cos^2 \alpha - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = \begin{cases} 1 - 2\sin^2 \alpha & \sin 2\alpha = 2\\ 2\cos^2 \alpha - 1 & \end{cases}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n}$$

$$P(A) = \frac{n(A)}{n(S)}$$

$$\hat{y} = a + bx$$

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos\alpha \cdot \cos\beta + \sin\alpha \cdot \sin\beta$$

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2\sin \alpha.\cos \alpha$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2}{n}$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$b = \frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})(y - \overline{y})}{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}$$